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departing from the spirit of the invention. It is therefore intended that the appended claims cover all such

We claim:

5 1. A process for preparing a polypyrrolinone having the formula (38):

equivalent variations as fall within the true scope and spirit of the invention.

$$R^4 = \begin{bmatrix} HN & O & R^3 & R^2 \\ R & O & HN \end{bmatrix}$$

wherein:

R is independently selected from a group consisting of a straight C_1 - C_6 alkyl, a branched C_3 - C_7 alkyl, C_3 - C_7 cycloalkyl, a straight C_1 - C_6 alkenyl, a branched C_3 - C_7 alkenyl, C_1 - C_4 hydroxyalkyl, C_1 - C_4 thioalkyl, C_1 - C_4 methylthioalkyl, $-(CH_2)_oN(R^5)_2$, $-(CH_2)_oCO_2H$, $-(CH_2)_oCON(R^5)_2$, phenyl optionally substituted with one to three hydroxyl, lower alkoxy, halo, nitro, or cyano groups, C_7 - C_{12} benzyl optionally substituted with the same groups as above or heteroaryl; R^1 is hydrogen, hydroxyl, lower alkoxy, amino or alkoxycarbonyl-protected amino; R^2 is R, carboxyl, a carbonyl linked to a solid support or alkoxycarbonyl; R^3 is R or hydrogen;

R⁴ is R or (46);

R⁵ is hydrogen or lower alkyl;

n is 0 to 3;

o is 1 to 4;

comprising the steps:

(a) exposing an α-amino-α-substituted-1,4-dioxo compound (39), optionally with an alkoxycarbonyl protecting group, to a plurality of treatments with a 2-substituted-2-aminovalerolactone, trimethylorthoformate, optionally in the presence of a solvent, to produce imine (40)

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wherein:

R⁶ is an amino protecting group,

R⁷ is a C₁-C₄ alkoxy or a carboxyl or carbamido linked to a solid support, or R⁶ and R⁷ together form a pyrrolinone ring;

(b) cyclizing (40) by forming metalloimine carbanion with base optionally in the presence of a crown ether to form a pyrrolinone (41);

HO
$$R$$
 NHR^6 COR^7 (41)

- (c) oxidizing the primary alcohol to the corresponding aldehyde;
- (d) repeating steps (a)-(c) m times to produce polypyrrolinone (42);

HO
$$\begin{array}{c|c}
HN & COR^7 \\
R & NHR^6
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
M+1
\end{array}$$

(e) terminating the synthesis by repeating steps (a) through (c) using α -substituted amino acid in

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
R^4 & HN \\
R & O \\
R & MHR^6
\end{array}$$
(43)

(f) place of the valerolactone in step (b) to yield (43).

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- 2. A process according to claim 1 wherein said polypyrrolinones are substantially diastereomerically pure.
- 3. A process according to Claim 1 wherein the initial α-amino-α-substituted-1,4-dioxo compound is a compound (39) and R⁶ is an alkoxycarbonyl protecting group, R is as defined above and R⁷ is a lower alkoxy group,

- 4. A process according to claim 1 wherein the oxidant in step (c) is oxalyl chloride, a tertiary amine and DMSO.
- 5. A process according to Claim 4 wherein the tertiary amine is DBU or di-iso-propylethyl amine.
- 6. A process according to Claim 1 wherein the crown ether in step (b) is 18-crown-6.
- 7. A process according to Claim 1 wherein the base in step (b) is potassium hexamethyldisilazane.
- 8. A solid-phase process according to claim 1 wherein R⁷ is a carboxyl or carbamido linked to a solid support further comprising the steps of:
 - (f) attaching a latent aldehyde (40) to a solid support wherein and converting the latent aldehyde to an aldehyde (41);

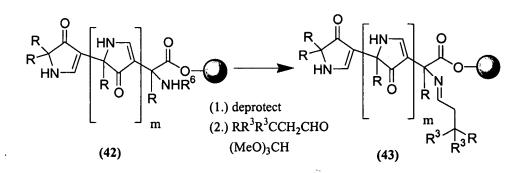
$$HX \longrightarrow \begin{array}{c} R^6 \\ R^8 \\ NHR^6 \end{array} \longrightarrow \begin{array}{c} O \\ HR^8 \\ NHR^6 \end{array} \longrightarrow \begin{array}{c} O \\ NHR^6 \\ \end{array} \longrightarrow \begin{array}{c} O \\ NHR$$

wherein:

R⁸ is 3-methyl-1-but-2-enyl, 2,2-dimethoxyethyl, 2-hydroxyethyl, and X is nitrogen or oxygen;

(g) repeating steps (a)-(c) m times and terminating the synthesis as in step (e) to produce polypyrrolinone (42);

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- (h) cleaving the polypyrrolinone from the resin by deprotecting the α -amino group, and exposing the α -amino acid to a plurality of treatments with an aldehyde, trimethylorthoformate, optionally in the presence of a solvent, to produce the corresponding imine (43); and,
- (i) cyclizing (43) by forming the metalloimine carbanion with base, optionally in the presence of a crown ether, to produce a pyrrolinone (44).

- 9. A process according to claim 7 wherein the oxidant in step (c) is oxalyl chloride, a tertiary amine and DMSO.
- 10. A process according to Claim 7 wherein the tertiary amine is DBU or di-iso-propylethyl amine.
- 11. A process according to Claim 7 wherein the crown ether in step (b) is 18-crown-6.
- 12. A process according to Claim 7 wherein the base in step (b) is potassium hexamethyldisilazane.
- 13. A process according to Claim 7 wherein R⁶ is a trialkylsilylethoxycarbonyl group.
- 14. A process according to Claim 7 wherein the aldehyde in step (h) is a 3-phenylpropional dehyde (45) derivative optionally substituted at the 3-position with one or two R³ substituents.

15. A process according to Claim 7 wherein the aldehyde in step (h) is 3-phenylpropionaldehyde.